A major research institution has recently announced the discovery of the heaviest element yet known to science. This new element has been tentively named "Administratium".

Administratium has 1 neutron, 12 assistant neutrons, 75 deputy neutrons, and 111 assistant deputy neutrons, giving it an atomic mass of 312.

These 312 particles are held together by a force of 'morons', which are surrounded by vast quantities of lepton-like particles called 'peons'.

Since Administratium has no electrons, it is inert. However, it can easily be detected as it impedes every reaction with which it comes into contact.

A minute amount of Administratium causes one reaction to take over 4 days to complete when it would normally take less than an hour.

Administratium has a normal half-life of 3 years; it does not decay but instead undergoes a reorganization, in which a portion of the assistant neutrons and deputy neutrons and assistant deputy neutrons exchange places.

In fact, Administratium's mass will actually increase over time, since each re-organization causes some morons to become neutrons forming 'isodopes'.

This characteristic of moron-promotion leads some scientists to speculate that Administratium is formed whenever morons reach a certain quantity in concentration.

This hypothetical quantity is referred to a "Critical Morass".

You will know when you see it