

Bessel Function Identities

$$J_0'(x) = -J_1(x)$$

$$J_{n+1}(x) = \frac{2n}{x} J_n(x) - J_{n-1}(x)$$

$$J_n'(x) = \frac{1}{2} (J_{n-1}(x) - J_{n+1}(x))$$

$$xJ_n'(x) = xJ_{n-1}(x) - nJ_n(x)$$

$$xJ_n'(x) = nJ_n(x) - xJ_{n+1}(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} [x^n J_n(x)] = x^n J_{n-1}(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} [x^{-n} J_n(x)] = -x^{-n} J_{n+1}(x)$$

$$\int xJ_0(x) dx = xJ_1(x)$$

$$\int x^2 J_0(x) dx = x^2 J_1(x) + xJ_0(x) - \int J_0(x) dx$$

$$\int x^m J_0(x) dx = x^m J_1(x) + (m-1)x^{m-1} J_0(x) - (m-1)^2 \int x^{m-2} J_0(x) dx$$

$$\int \frac{J_0(x)}{x^2} dx = J_1(x) - \frac{J_0(x)}{x} - \int J_0(x) dx$$

$$\int \frac{J_0(x)}{x^m} dx = \frac{J_1(x)}{(m-1)^2 x^{m-2}} - \frac{J_0(x)}{(m-1)x^{m-1}} - \frac{1}{(m-1)^2} \int \frac{J_0(x)}{x^{m-2}} dx$$

$$\int J_1(x) dx = -J_0(x)$$

$$\int xJ_1(x) dx = -xJ_0(x) + \int J_0(x) dx$$

$$\int x^m J_1(x) dx = -x^m J_0(x) + m \int x^{m-1} J_0(x) dx$$

$$\int \frac{J_1(x)}{x} dx = -J_1(x) + \int J_0(x) dx$$

$$\int \frac{J_1(x)}{x^m} dx = -\frac{J_1(x)}{mx^{m-1}} + \frac{1}{m} \int \frac{J_0(x)}{x^{m-1}} dx$$

$$\int x^n J_{n-1}(x) dx = x^n J_n(x)$$

$$\int x^{-n} J_{n+1}(x) dx = -x^{-n} J_n(x)$$

$$\int x^m J_n(x) dx = -x^m J_{n-1}(x) + (m+n-1) \int x^{m-1} J_{n-1}(x) dx$$

$$\int xJ_n(\alpha x)J_n(\beta x) dx = \frac{x[\alpha J_n(\beta x)J_n'(\alpha x) - \beta J_n(\alpha x)J_n'(\beta x)]}{\beta^2 - \alpha^2}$$

$$\int x J_n^2(\alpha x) dx = \frac{x^2}{2} [J_n'(\alpha x)]^2 + \frac{x^2}{2} \left(1 - \frac{n^2}{\alpha^2 x^2} \right) [J_n(\alpha x)]^2$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-ax} J_0(bx) dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-ax} J_n(bx) dx = \frac{(\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} - a)^n}{b^n \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}, \quad n > -1$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \cos(ax) J_0(bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}, & a > b \\ 0 & a < b \end{cases}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} J_n(bx) dx = \frac{1}{b}, \quad n > -1$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{J_n(bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{n}, \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-ax} J_0(b\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{e^{-b^2/4a}}{a}$$

$$\int_0^1 x J_n(\alpha x) J_n(\beta x) dx = \frac{\alpha J_n(\beta) J_n'(\alpha) - \beta J_n(\alpha) J_n'(\beta)}{\beta^2 - \alpha^2}$$

$$\int_0^1 x J_n^2(\alpha x) dx = \frac{1}{2} [J_n'(\alpha)]^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{n^2}{\alpha^2} \right) [J_n(\alpha)]^2$$

$$J_0(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \cos(x \sin \theta) d\theta$$

$$J_n(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \cos(n\theta - x \sin \theta) d\theta \quad , \quad n = \text{integer}$$

$$J_n(x) = \frac{x^n}{2^n \sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(n + 1/2)} \int_0^\pi \cos(x \sin \theta) \cos^{2n}(\theta) d\theta \quad , \quad n > -1/2$$

$$\cos(x \sin \theta) = J_0(x) + 2J_2(x) \cos(2\theta) + 2J_4(x) \cos(4\theta) + \dots$$

$$\sin(x \sin \theta) = 2J_1(x) \sin(\theta) + 2J_3(x) \cos(3\theta) + 2J_5(x) \cos(5\theta) + \dots$$

$$J_n(x + y) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} J_k(x) J_{n-k}(y)$$

$$1 = J_0(x) + 2J_2(x) + \dots + 2J_{2n}(x) + \dots$$

$$x = 2(J_1(x) + 3J_3(x) + 5J_5(x) + \dots + (2n+1)J_{2n+1}(x) + \dots)$$

$$x^2 = 2(4J_2(x) + 16J_4(x) + 36J_6(x) + \dots + (2n)^2 J_{2n}(x) + \dots)$$

$$\sin(x) = 2(J_1(x) - J_3(x) + J_5(x) - \dots)$$

$$\cos(x) = J_0(x) - 2J_2(x) + 2J_4(x) - \dots$$